

## Experimental Testing and Constitutive Modelling of Pavement Materials

Liu, Xueyan; Zhang, Yuging; You, Zhanping; Wang, Linbing; Zhou, Changhong

DOI 10.3390/ma16114186

Publication date 2023 **Document Version** Final published version

Published in Materials

**Citation (APA)** Liu, X., Zhang, Y., You, Z., Wang, L., & Zhou, C. (2023). Experimental Testing and Constitutive Modelling of Pavement Materials. *Materials*, *16*(11), Article 4186. https://doi.org/10.3390/ma16114186

### Important note

To cite this publication, please use the final published version (if applicable). Please check the document version above.

Copyright

Other than for strictly personal use, it is not permitted to download, forward or distribute the text or part of it, without the consent of the author(s) and/or copyright holder(s), unless the work is under an open content license such as Creative Commons.

Takedown policy

Please contact us and provide details if you believe this document breaches copyrights. We will remove access to the work immediately and investigate your claim.





# **Experimental Testing and Constitutive Modelling of Pavement Materials**

Xueyan Liu<sup>1,\*</sup>, Yuqing Zhang<sup>2</sup>, Zhanping You<sup>3</sup>, Linbing Wang<sup>4</sup> and Changhong Zhou<sup>5</sup>

- Section of Pavement Engineering, Department of Engineering Structures, Delft University of Technology, 2628 CN Delft, The Netherlands
- <sup>2</sup> Aston Institute of Materials Research (AIMR), Aston University, Birmingham B4 7ET, UK; y.zhang10@aston.ac.uk
- <sup>3</sup> Department of Civil and Environmental Engineering, Michigan Technological University, 1400 Townsend Drive, Houghton, MI 49931, USA; zyou@mtu.edu
- <sup>4</sup> School of Environmental, Civil, Agricultural and Mechanical Engineering, 1254 STEM Research Building II, University of Georgia, Athens, GA 30602, USA; linbing.wang@uga.edu
- <sup>5</sup> School of Architecture and Transportation Engineering, Guilin University of Electronic Technology, Guilin 541004, China; czhou@guet.edu.cn
- \* Correspondence: x.liu@tudelft.nl

Pavement materials such as asphalt mixtures, granular aggregates and soils exhibit complex material properties and engineering performance under external loading and environmental conditions. For instance, the asphalt mixture shows highly nonlinear viscoelastic and viscoplastic properties at high temperatures, and it presents fatigue cracking damage and fracture properties at intermediate or low temperatures. The granular aggregate materials show an obvious anisotropic and stress-dependent resilient modulus. Their permanent deformation is fundamentally determined by stress levels, moisture and the number of load cycles. Constitutive models based on mechanics theories have been the kernel of performance prediction of pavement infrastructures and materials. They lay down a solid foundation for material selection, design and pavement structural evaluation, and maintenance decisions. Advances in mechanics modeling and the associated experimental testing for pavement infrastructures and construction materials are emerging constantly, such as nonlinear viscoelasticity, viscoplasticity, fracture and damage mechanics models. Meanwhile, various numerical modeling technologies are being developed and implemented to solve the multiscale and multi-physical equations and models for the pavement structures and materials. Examples include finite element, discrete element and micromechanics or molecular dynamics simulations at different dimensions and scales. These are being applied to both existing traditional pavement materials and novel or emerging materials such as recycled, modified or alternative materials. All the aforementioned advances have been leading to a large number of new studies and discoveries in the relevant areas.

This Special Issue provides a unique platform to collect and present these novel studies and new discoveries in the areas of mechanics, numerical modeling and the experimental testing of pavement infrastructures and materials. It includes the studies of various pavement materials such as asphalt concretes, granular materials, soils, recycled materials and additives. In addition, different testing and modeling technologies including discrete element modelling (DEM), computed tomography (CT) and molecular dynamics (MD) simulation are included.

A review paper summarizes the fatigue models of cement concrete pavements based on different testing scales [1]. Recommendations in terms of the data source, stress calculation method and regression analysis process were proposed for the improvement of current fatigue models for the cement concrete pavements.

Four papers focus on the characterization of different asphalt binders (e.g., polymermodified, warm mix recycled and wax-modified binders) via experiments and molecular



Citation: Liu, X.; Zhang, Y.; You, Z.; Wang, L.; Zhou, C. Experimental Testing and Constitutive Modelling of Pavement Materials. *Materials* **2023**, *16*, 4186. https://doi.org/ 10.3390/ma16114186

Received: 28 April 2023 Accepted: 3 June 2023 Published: 5 June 2023



**Copyright:** © 2023 by the authors. Licensee MDPI, Basel, Switzerland. This article is an open access article distributed under the terms and conditions of the Creative Commons Attribution (CC BY) license (https:// creativecommons.org/licenses/by/ 4.0/). dynamics simulations [2–5]. The Dynamic Shear Rheometer (DSR)- and Bending Beam Rheometer (BBR)-based rheological tests are the mainstream methods to evaluate the high-, intermediate- and low-temperature performance of the asphalt binders. Fourier Transform Infrared (FTIR) Spectroscopy is widely used in terms of the chemical characterization of the functional groups in the asphalt binders. The Multiple Steep Creep and Recovery (MSCR) test and Linear Amplitude Sweep (LAS) test are used to investigate the effects of lignin and carbon fiber on the physical and mechanical properties' changes in asphalt mastics [6].

Two papers focus on the evaluation of the asphalt pavement skid resistance. One investigated the effect of sand accumulation on the skid resistance of asphalt pavements using the British Pendulum Number (BPN) test on two types of asphalt mixtures [7]. Another one presented a finite element model of radial tire–asphalt pavement interaction to investigate the pavement skid resistance under partial tire aquaplane conditions [8]. The results showed that the vertical contact force between the tire and pavement is greatly reduced because of the partial aquaplane state.

Three papers utilize digital image processing (DIP) technology for either the performance test or meso-structure reconstruction of asphalt mixtures. The relationship between the rutting damage and the air void change was investigated via a 2D image technology [9]. An adaptive image processing method for CT images of asphalt mixtures was proposed to improve the accuracy of the meso-structure reconstruction of asphalt mixtures [10]. An improved procedure of the meso-structure reconstruction of asphalt mixtures considering the similarity of aggregate phase geometry was proposed, and the results indicated that the proposed approach can maintain the 3D spatial distribution features and contour characteristics of asphalt mixtures' mesostructured [11]. One paper used the hexagonal close-packed (HCP) structure to establish the discrete model of asphalt mixtures for better simulating the shear failure [12]. The embedded sensor packaging of the rollpave pavements was optimized via experimental and numerical investigations [13]. This paper improved the compatibility of the embedded sensors and road materials in a prefabricated pavement structure, so the real-time in situ monitoring of the pavement response will be more accurate.

Six papers used laboratory tests and numerical simulations to assess the performance of different road materials and structures, including emulsified cold recycling asphalt mixtures, self-healing asphalt binder, reactive powder concrete and bridge deck pavement. The findings provide in-depth understandings in terms of various road materials key performance [14–19].

An efficient approach to obtain the parameters of the Prony series was proposed for the asphalt mixtures [20]. This method can simultaneously determine the retardation and relaxation spectra, which is more effective than the current approach. A fractional viscoelastic and damage constitutive relation of asphalt mixtures was proposed to characterize the three-stage creep process [21]. The model prediction results agreed well with the laboratory uniaxial compressive creep tests with different stress levels and temperatures. An improved mechanistic–empirical creep model considering the stress dependence and moisture sensitivity was proposed for the unsaturated soft and stabilized soils [22]. This developed model can predict the soil creep deformation under arbitrary water content and stress levels.

Conflicts of Interest: The authors declare no conflict of interest.

#### References

- Yuan, J.; Li, W.; Li, Y.; Ma, L.; Zhang, J. Fatigue Models for Airfield Concrete Pavement: Literature Review and Discussion. *Materials* 2021, 14, 6579. [CrossRef] [PubMed]
- Wu, B.; Luo, C.; Pei, Z.; Chen, C.; Xia, J.; Xiao, P. Evaluation of the Aging of Styrene-Butadiene-Styrene Modified Asphalt Binder with Different Polymer Additives. *Materials* 2021, 14, 5715. [CrossRef] [PubMed]
- Peng, C.; Yang, H.; You, Z.; Ma, H.; Xu, F.; You, L.; Diab, A.; Lu, L.; Hu, Y.; Liu, Y.; et al. Investigation of Adhesion Performance of Wax Based Warm Mix Asphalt with Molecular Dynamics Simulation. *Materials* 2022, 15, 5930. [CrossRef] [PubMed]

- Yang, J.; Xu, G.; Kong, P.; Chen, X. Characterization of Desulfurized Crumb Rubber/Styrene–Butadiene–Styrene Composite Modified Asphalt Based on Rheological Properties. *Materials* 2021, 14, 3780. [CrossRef] [PubMed]
- 5. Xu, H.; Sun, Y.; Chen, J.; Li, J.; Yu, B.; Qiu, G.; Zhang, Y.; Xu, B. Investigation into Rheological Behavior of Warm-Mix Recycled Asphalt Binders with High Percentages of RAP Binder. *Materials* **2023**, *16*, 1599. [CrossRef]
- 6. Xie, T.; Zhao, K.; Wang, L. Reinforcement Effect of Different Fibers on Asphalt Mastic. Materials 2022, 15, 8304. [CrossRef]
- Pan, J.; Zhao, H.; Wang, Y.; Liu, G. The Influence of Aeolian Sand on the Anti-Skid Characteristics of Asphalt Pavement. *Materials* 2021, 14, 5523. [CrossRef]
- 8. Yu, M.; Kong, Y.; You, Z.; Li, J.; Yang, L.; Kong, L. Anti-Skid Characteristics of Asphalt Pavement Based on Partial Tire Aquaplane Conditions. *Materials* **2022**, *15*, 4976. [CrossRef]
- 9. Zhao, K.; Yang, H.; Wang, W.; Wang, L. Characterization of Rutting Damage by the Change of Air-Void Characteristics in the Asphalt Mixture Based on Two-Dimensional Image Analysis. *Materials* **2022**, *15*, 7190. [CrossRef]
- 10. Zhang, L.; Zheng, G.; Zhang, K.; Wang, Y.; Chen, C.; Zhao, L.; Xu, J.; Liu, X.; Wang, L.; Tan, Y.; et al. Study on the Extraction of CT Images with Non-Uniform Illumination for the Microstructure of Asphalt Mixture. *Materials* **2022**, *15*, 7364. [CrossRef]
- Wang, C.; Xu, H.; Zhang, Y.; Sun, Y.; Wang, W.; Chen, J. Improved Procedure for the 3D Reconstruction of Asphalt Concrete Mesostructures Considering the Similarity of Aggregate Phase Geometry between Adjacent CT Slices. *Materials* 2023, 16, 234. [CrossRef] [PubMed]
- 12. Zhou, X.; Jin, D.; Ge, D.; Chen, S.; You, Z. Identify the Micro-Parameters for Optimized Discrete Element Models of Granular Materials in Two Dimensions Using Hexagonal Close-Packed Structures. *Materials* **2023**, *16*, 3073. [CrossRef] [PubMed]
- Ye, Z.; Cai, Y.; Liu, C.; Lu, K.; Ildefonzo, D.G.; Wang, L. Optimization of Embedded Sensor Packaging Used in Rollpave Pavement Based on Test and Simulation. *Materials* 2022, 15, 2283. [CrossRef] [PubMed]
- 14. Wu, B.; Meng, W.; Xia, J.; Xiao, P. Influence of Basalt Fibers on the Crack Resistance of Asphalt Mixtures and Mechanism Analysis. *Materials* **2022**, *15*, 744. [CrossRef]
- 15. Tan, B.; Yang, T.; Qin, H.; Liu, Q. Laboratory Study on the Stability of Large-size Graded Crushed Stone under Cyclic Rotating Axial Compression. *Materials* **2021**, *14*, 1584. [CrossRef]
- 16. Chen, W.; Hui, B.; Rahman, A. Interlayer Shear Characteristics of Bridge Deck Pavement through Experimental and Numerical Analysis. *Materials* **2022**, *15*, 7001. [CrossRef]
- 17. Xu, S.; Liu, X.; Tabaković, A.; Schlangen, E. Experimental Investigation of the Performance of a Hybrid Self-Healing System in Porous Asphalt under Fatigue Loadings. *Materials* **2021**, *14*, 3415. [CrossRef]
- Li, J.; Li, M.; Wu, H. Key Performance Analysis of Emulsified Asphalt Cold Recycling Mixtures of the Middle Layer of Pavement Structure. *Materials* 2023, 16, 1613. [CrossRef]
- 19. Cai, Y.; Lin, Z.; Zhang, J.; Lu, K.; Wang, L.; Zhao, Y.; Huang, Q. Dosage Effect of Wet-Process Tuff Silt Powder as an Alternative Material of Sand on the Performance of Reactive Powder Concrete. *Materials* **2022**, *15*, 3930. [CrossRef]
- Zhang, Y.; Sun, Y. Fast-Acquiring High-Quality Prony Series Parameters of Asphalt Concrete through Viscoelastic Continuous Spectral Models. *Materials* 2022, 15, 716. [CrossRef]
- Zhang, Q.; Gu, X.; Yu, Z.; Liang, J.; Dong, Q. Viscoelastic Damage Characteristics of Asphalt Mixtures Using Fractional Rheology. Materials 2021, 14, 5892. [CrossRef] [PubMed]
- Jiang, X.; Huang, Z.; Luo, X. An Improved Mechanistic-Empirical Creep Model for Unsaturated Soft and Stabilized Soils. *Materials* 2021, 14, 4146. [CrossRef] [PubMed]

**Disclaimer/Publisher's Note:** The statements, opinions and data contained in all publications are solely those of the individual author(s) and contributor(s) and not of MDPI and/or the editor(s). MDPI and/or the editor(s) disclaim responsibility for any injury to people or property resulting from any ideas, methods, instructions or products referred to in the content.