THE SPATIAL JUSTICE OF URBAN SUSTAINABILITY

THE OPEN CITY INITIATIVE

ROBERTO ROCCO





THE SPATIAL JUSTICE OF URBAN SUSTAINABILITY

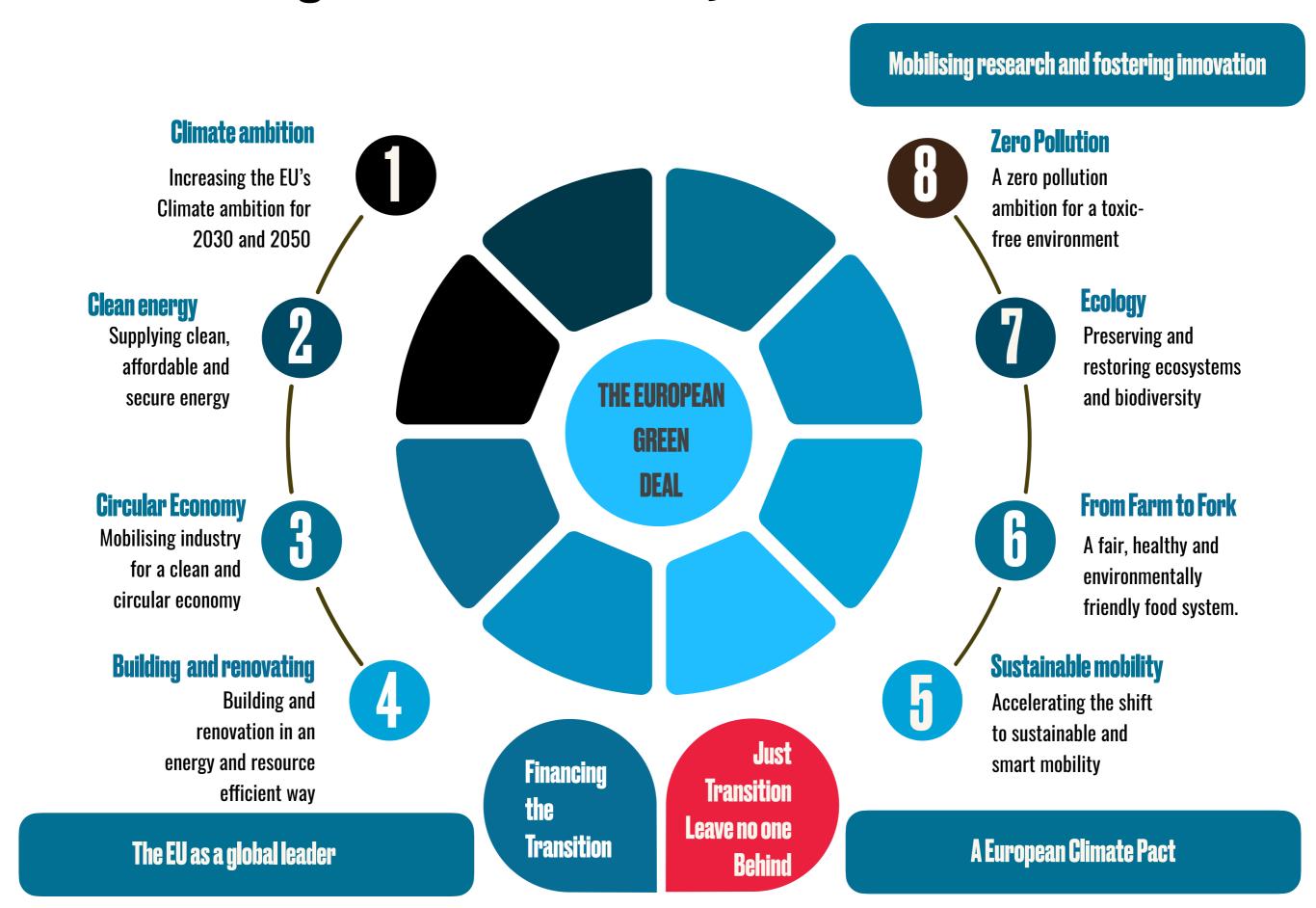
- 1. How does justice underscore sustainability?
- 2. Why is justice crucial for the governance of the commons (and the city)?
- 3. (and is the city a commons?) Can we have an OPEN CITY?
- 4. What are alternatives for the "tragedy" of the commons?
- 5. What are new roles for Planners and Designers in this perspective?

Campbell, S. D. (2013). Sustainable Development and Social Justice: Conflicting Urgencies and the Search for Common Ground in Urban and Regional Planning.

Michigan Journal of Sustainability, 1(1), 75-91.



Transforming the EU's economy for a sustainable future







IBRAHIM

I AM THE ONLY ONE WHO KNOWNS HOW TO PLAY THE FLUTE. I CAN MAKE THE BEST USE OF IT.

UTILITARIANISM

THE EFFECTS OF ACTIONS

THE BEST OUTCOME FOR THE LARGEST NUMBER



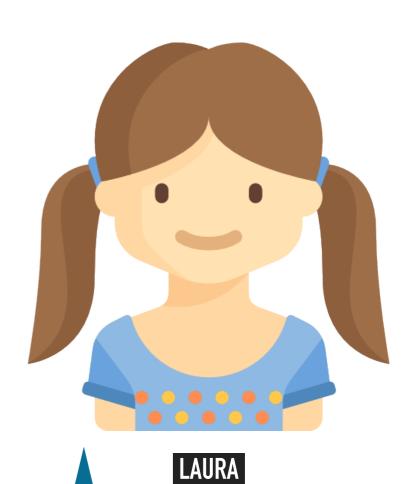
LATOYA

I AM THE POOREST OF US, AND I DON'T HAVE ANY TOYS. THE FLUTE WILL MAKE ME HAPPIER.

ECONOMIC EGALITARIANISM

EQUITY OF OPPORTUNITY/ FAIR REDISTRIBUTION

CIVIL RIGHTS



I HAVE WORKED VERY HARD TO BUY THIS FLUTE. JUST WHEN I WISH TO ENJOY IT, YOU WANT TO TAKE IT AWAY FROM ME.

LIBERTARIANISM

MERIT AND HARD WORK

FREEDOM FROM OPPRESSION

"Sustainable development is development that meets the needs of the present without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their own needs."

Our Common Future (1987):The Brundtland Report



Basic Human Rights "Sustainable development is development that meets the needs of the present without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their own needs."

World Commission on Environment and Development (1987).

We are not here now!

"...even a narrow notion of physical sustainability implies a concern for social equity between generations, a concern that must logically be extended to equity within each generation".

Brundtland Report, 1987, p.43

Intergenerational justice

Intragenerational justice

Sustainability is multidimensional

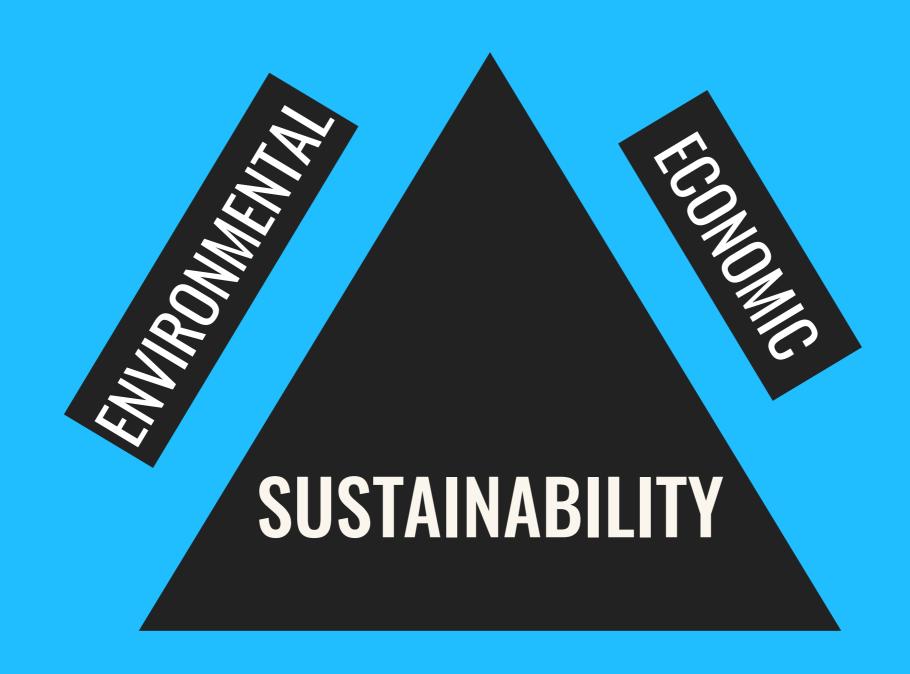








Sustainability is multidimensional



SOCIAL

SUSTAINABILITY IS MULTIDIMENSIONAL

"LONG TERM SUSTAINABILITY CAN ONLY EXIST WHEN ITS THREE CRUCIAL DIMENSIONS OCCUR SIMULTANEOUSLY"

Larsen, 2012







SOCIAL SUSTAINABILITY

THE POLITICAL AND ECONOMIC STRUCTURES THAT SUPPORT ENVIRONMENTAL SUSTAINABILITY (AND LIFE IN OUR PLANET).

Social Sustainability

Justice underscores Social sustainability

Moral imperative: Leave no one behind"

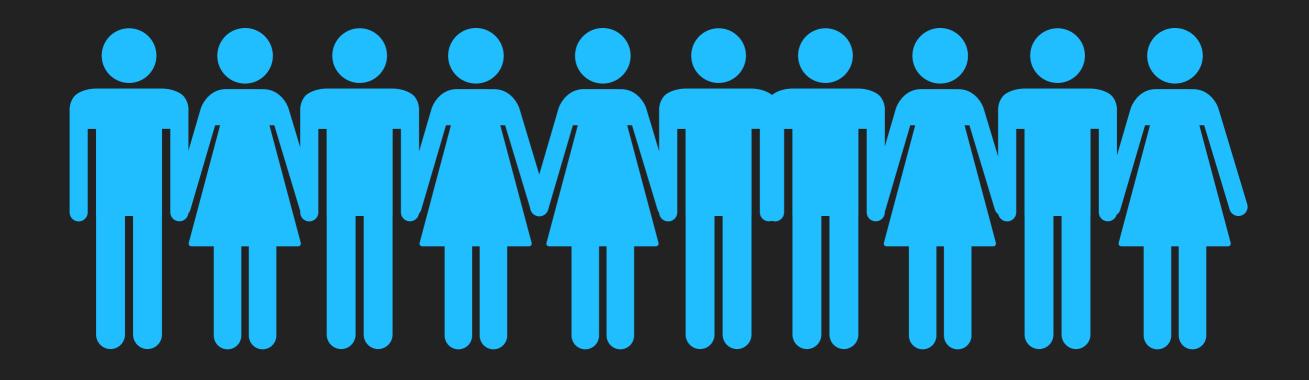
Acceptability Support Compliance Suitability Coordination

John Rawls (2005) TRUTH concerns validation whereas JUSTICE determines acceptability

Both justice and truth contribute to the formation of a democratic public sphere.

Just Ces

The "tragedy" of The Commons





ADAM SMITH'S INVISIBLE HAND

THE UNSEEN FORCES THAT **MOVE THE FREE MARKET ECONOMY:** THROUGH RATIONAL INDIVIDUAL SELF-INTEREST, THE BEST INTEREST OF SOCIETY, AS A WHOLE, IS FULFILLED.



ADAM SMITH'S INVISIBLE HAND



"...HE INTENDS ONLY HIS OWN GAIN, AND HE IS IN THIS, AS IN MANY OTHER CASES, LED BY AN INVISIBLE HAND TO PROMOTE AN END WHICH WAS NO PART OF HIS INTENTION ...

...BY PURSUING HIS OWN INTERESTS, HE TREQUENTLY PROMOTES THAT OF THE SOCIETY MORE EFFECTUALLY THAN WHEN HE REALLY INTENDS TO PROMOTE IT."

AN INQUIRY INTO THE NATURE AND CAUSES OF THE WEALTH OF NATIONS,1776.

Neoclassical economics

Rational choice theory



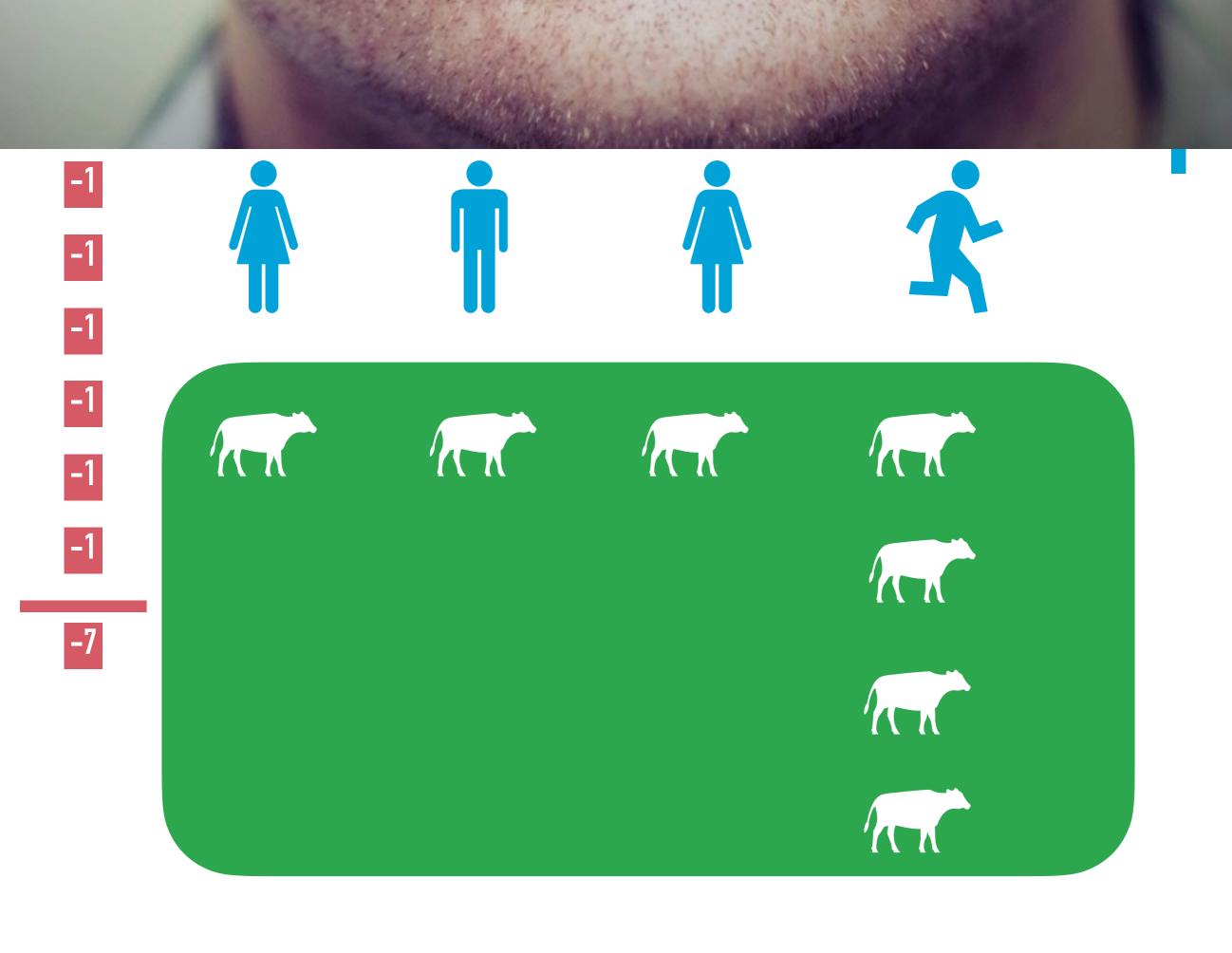


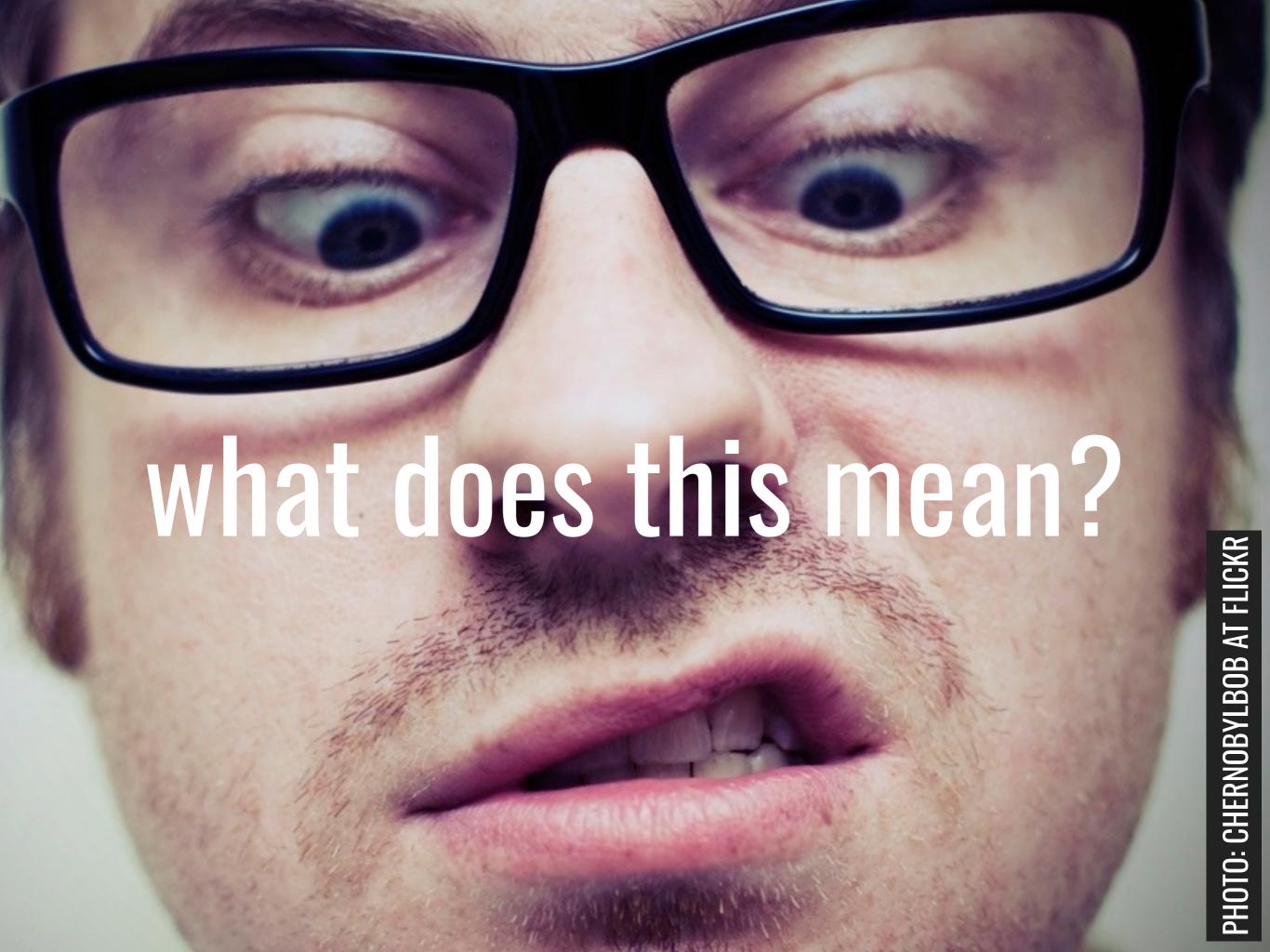
Jason Hickel @ @jasonhickel · 1d

Imagine what economic theory would look like if the basic unit of behavioral modelling wasn't an abstract, bourgeois male individual but a mother.

The Tragedy of the Commons









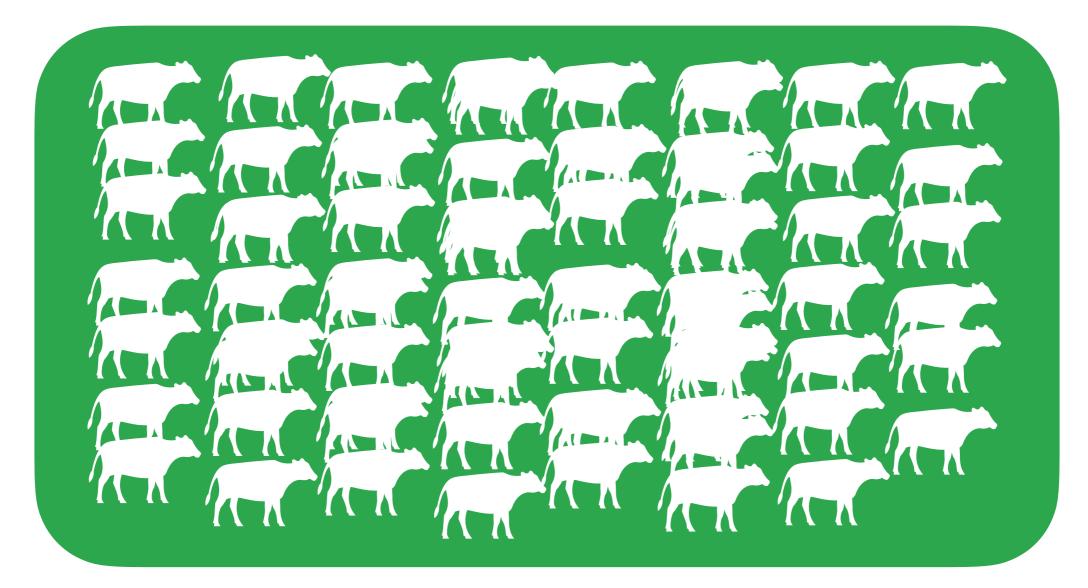
Big INCENTIVE for the farmers to put more cows to graze in the field Little INCENTIVE for them to control the number of cows











The boundaries of sustainability of the field have been exceeded and no resources will be available for future generations.

Unfair for future generations. Unfair for the vulnerable people in THIS generation.

This is the "tragedy" of the commons: In a world where everyone is seeking their own self interest, if left unregulated, common resources are destined to exhaustion.

It's an analogy!

Intra generational justice



Inter generational justice

Sustainability studies start to conceptualise our planet as a big commons



1 Henk Ovink Retweeted



Time to value water now!



Q 8

107

♡ 281



No agreement



The life boat hypothesis The boat hypothesis The Titanic hypothesis

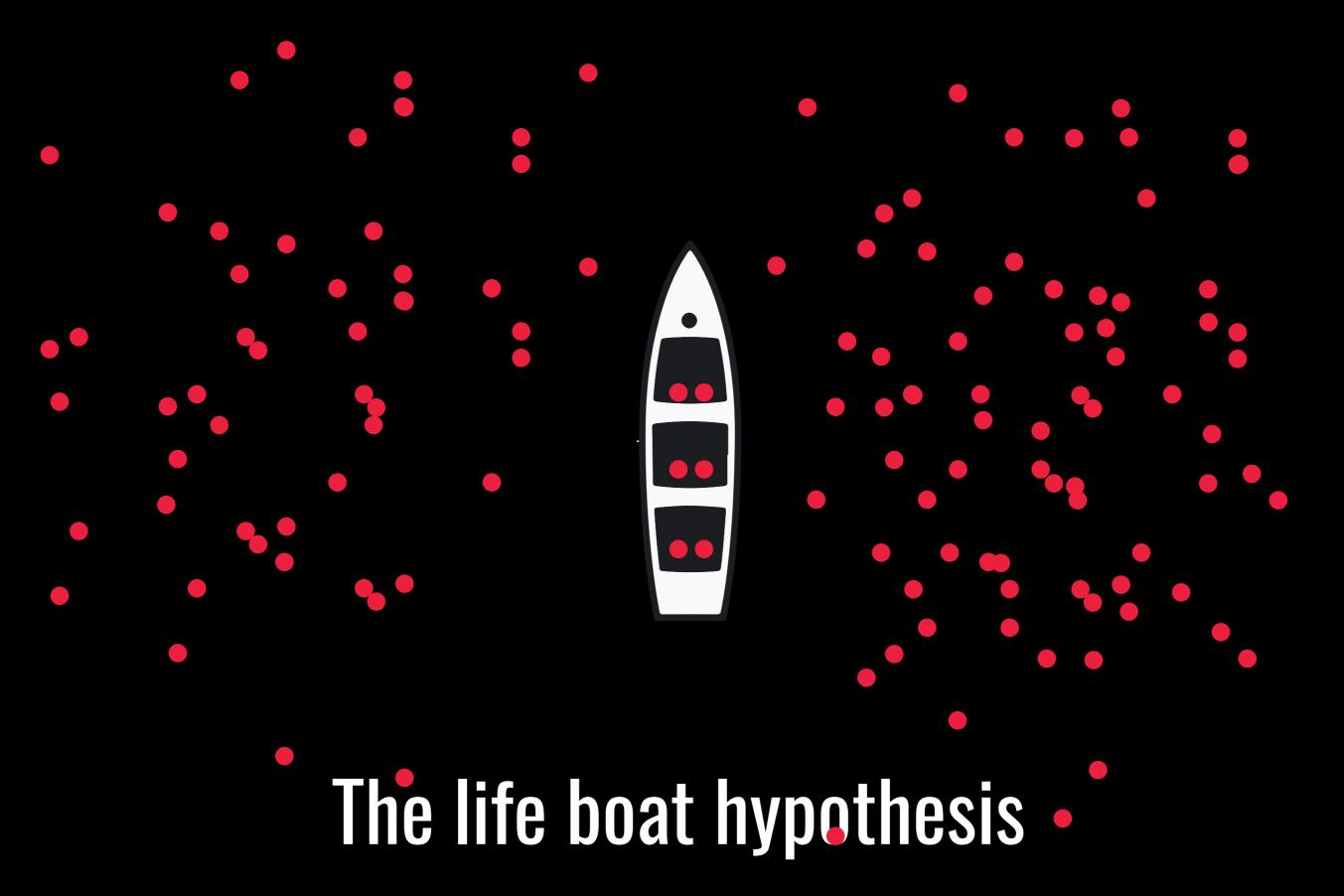
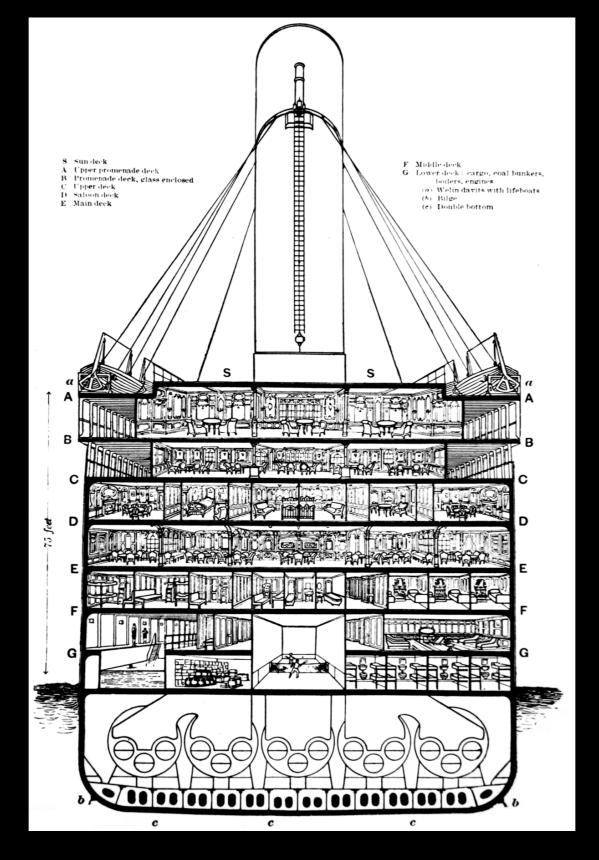


PHOTO BY NASA 4 JAN 2012 https://www.flickr.com/photos/gsfc/6760135001/ attribution 2.0 generic (CC by 2.0)





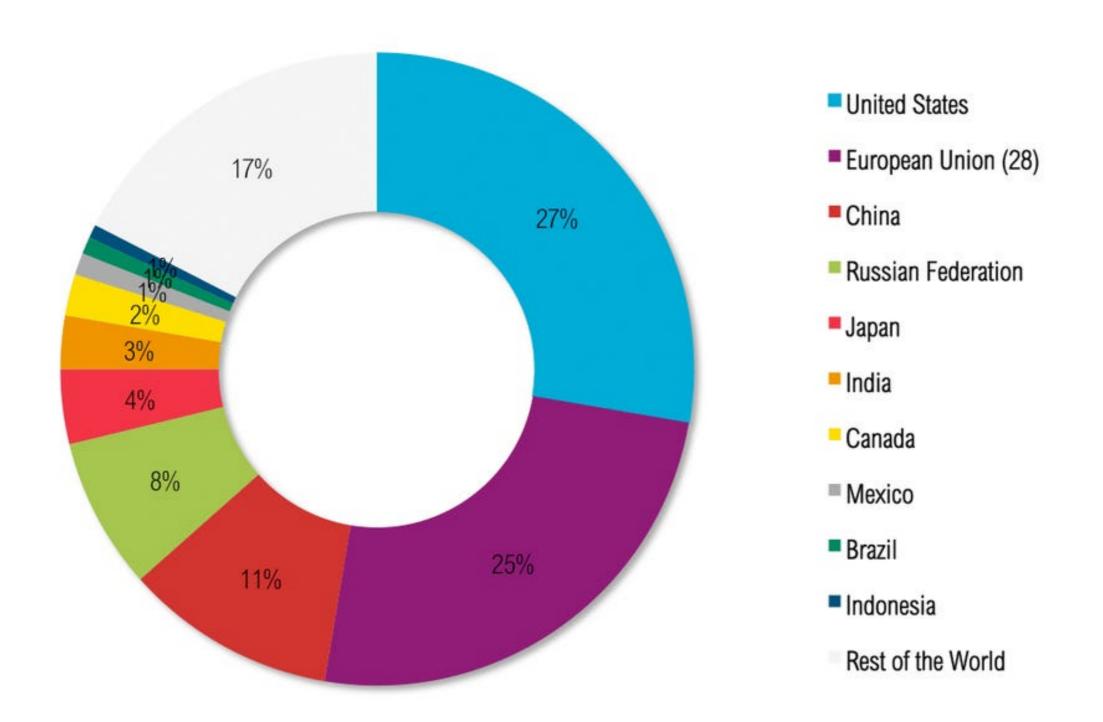
1st class

The Titanic hypothesis

HTTPS://COMMONS.WIKIMEDIA.ORG/WIKI/FILE:TITANIC_CUTAWAY_DIAGRAM.PNG#FILELINKS



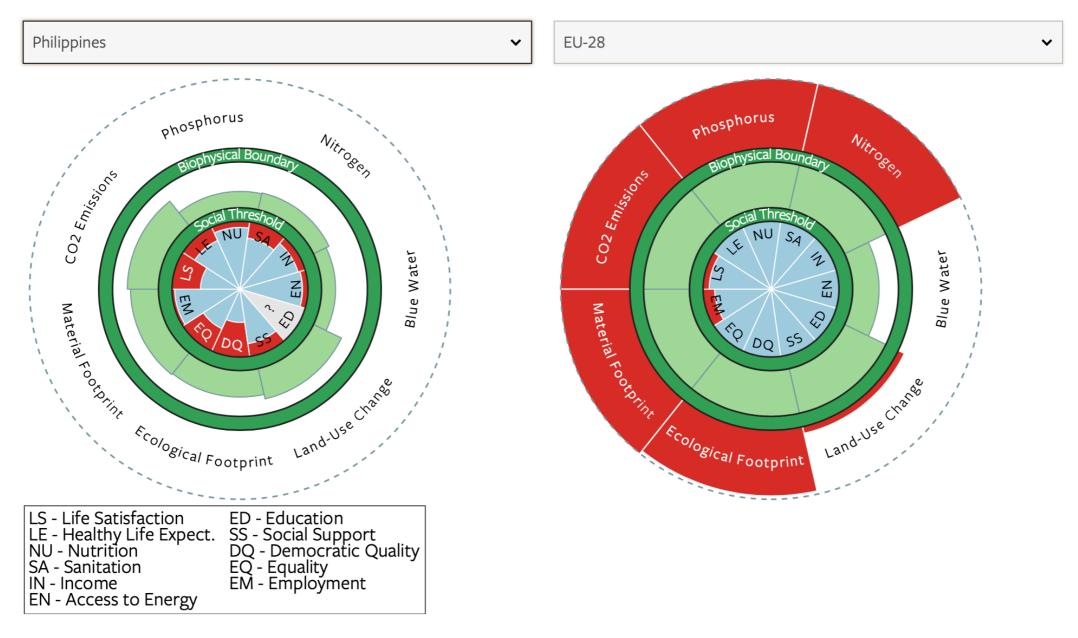
Cumulative CO, Emissions 1850–2011 (% of World Total)



HTTPS://WWW.CLIMATEINTERACTIVE.ORG/ANALYSIS/US-ROLE-IN-PARIS/



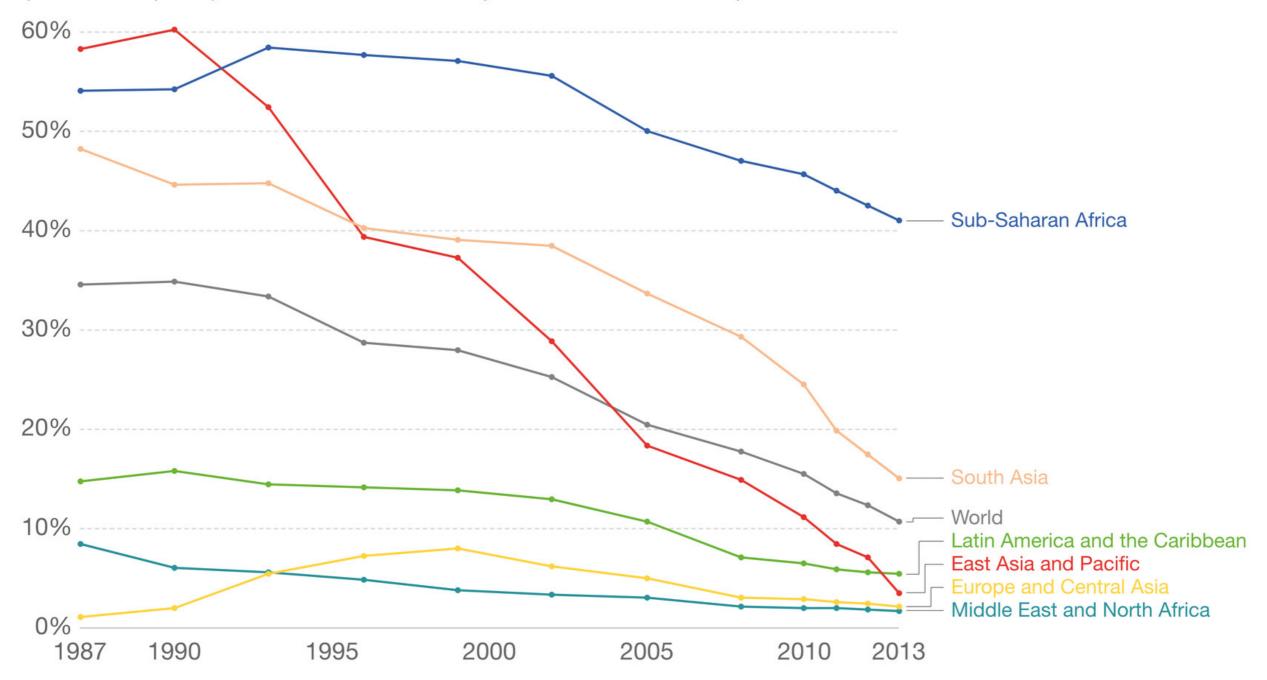
The Doughnut Economy



Share of the population living in extreme poverty, by world region



Extreme poverty is defined as living with per capita household consumption below 1.90 international dollars per day (in 2011 PPP prices). International dollars are adjusted for inflation and for price differences across countries.

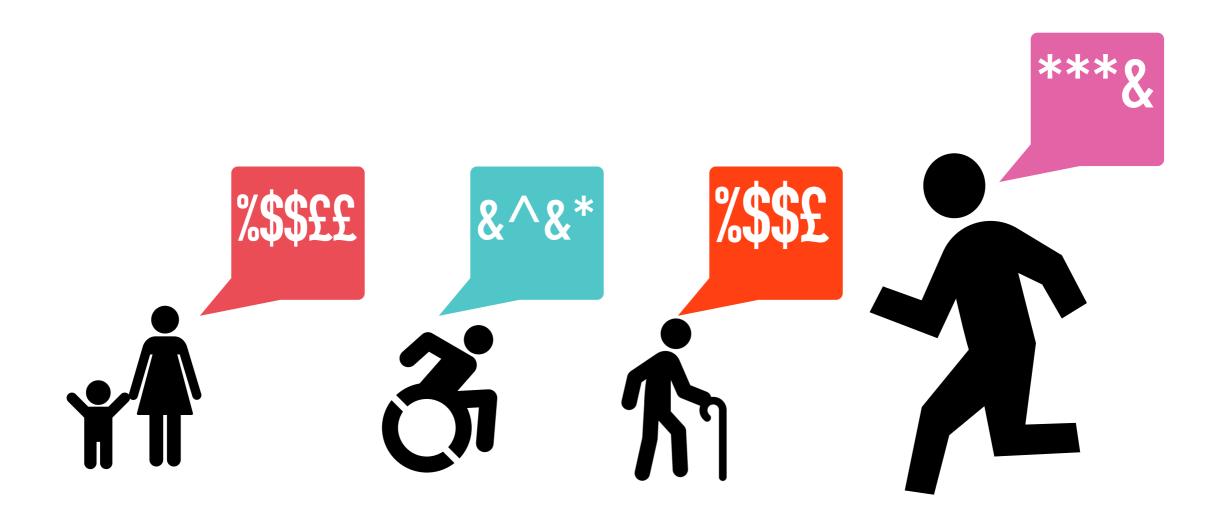


Source: Share of the population living in extreme poverty by world region - PovcalNet World Bank
Note: Consumption per capita is the preferred welfare indicator for the World Bank's analysis of global poverty. However, for about 25% of the countries, estimates correspond to income, rather than consumption.

OurWorldInData.org/extreme-poverty/ • CC BY-SA

Spatial Justice

What are the spatial justice issues in the management of the commons?



Distribution (of resources in space): Distributive justice

How (and by whom) it is decided: Procedural justice

Summary of issues of spatial justice in the commons

Regulation

Property

Role of the State

Individual Rights X Collective Rights

Planning (Spatial Planning)

Power Asymmetry/ Information asymmetry

Can we

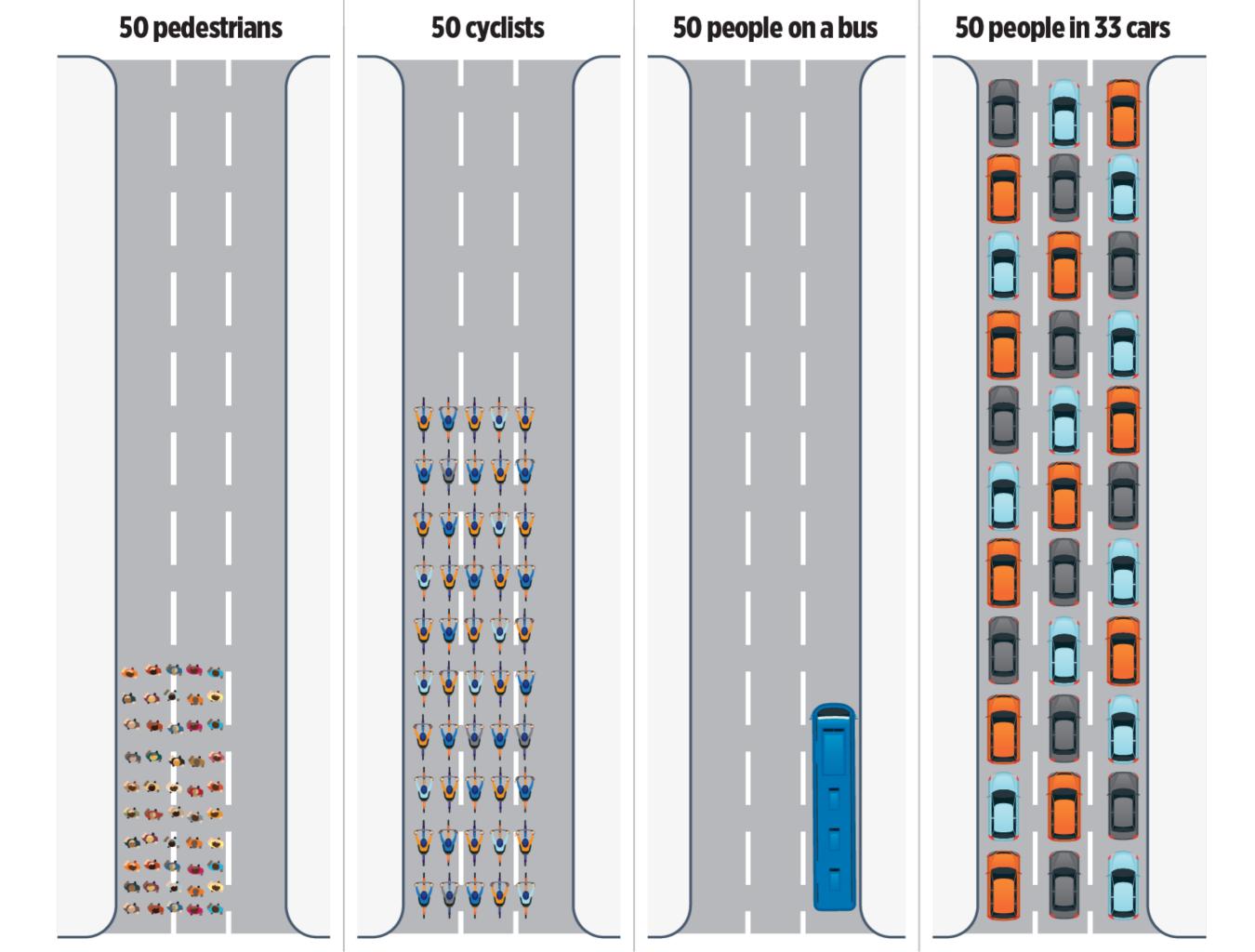
conceptualise the

city as a commons?









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But cities usually do not collapse because of mindless competition for resources.



Why not?







ELINOR OSTROM

PATSY HEALEY

JUDITH INNES



ELINOR OSTROM





Symmetric communication Subsidiarity Polycentric governance

WATCH ME SPEAK HERE: HTTPS://YOUTU.BE/N8CXGBSQHCA?T=330

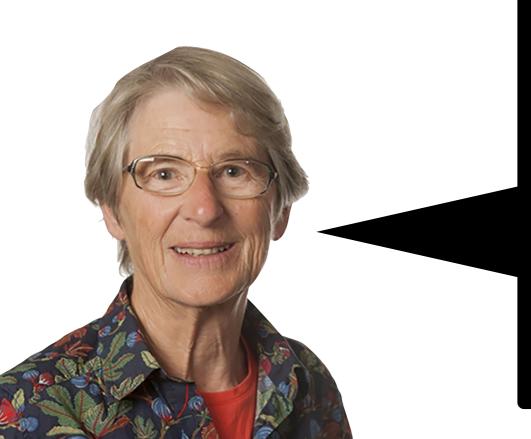
SOURCE: HTTPS://WWW.NOBELPRIZE.ORG/PRIZES/ECONOMIC-SCIENCES/2009/OSTROM/BIOGRAPHICAL/







Emphasis on participation of all members of a community, including those whose voices are silent or whose knowledge is considered unimportant

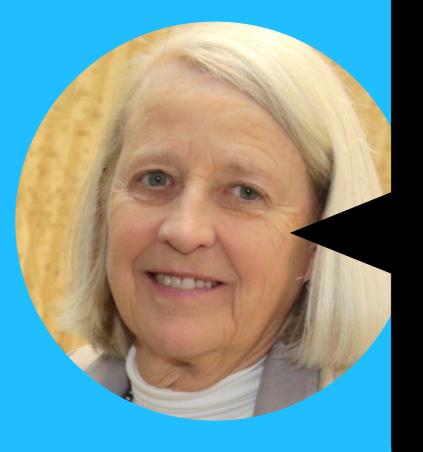


"Reconstructing the meaning of a democratic practice" based on more practices of "inclusionary argumentation".



"He [Habermas] shows us that we are not autonomous subjects competitively pursuing our individual preferences, but that our sense of ourselves and of our interests is constituted through our relations with others, through communicative practices. Our ideas about ourselves, our interests, and our values are socially constructed through our communication with others and the collaborative work this involves. If our consciousness is dialogically constructed, surely, we are deeply skilled in communicative practices for listening, learning, and understanding each other." (Healey, 1996, p.219)



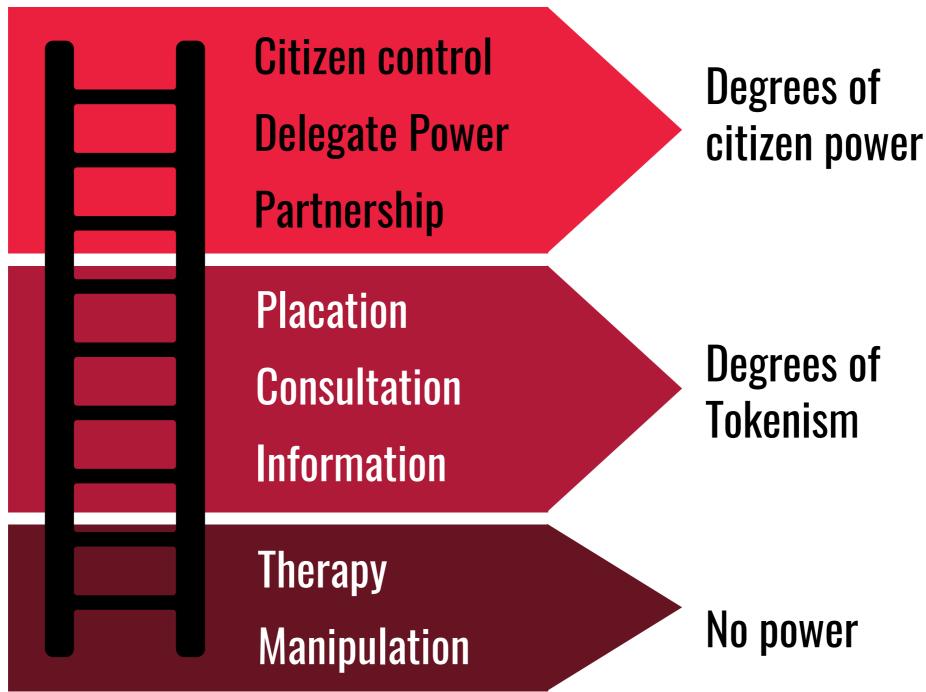


"DIAD"

- Diversity of Interests: the full inclusion of participants who have a stake in the problem
- Interdependence of Interests: a recognition by the participants that they must depend on each other to meet their interests
- Authentic Dialogue: the engagement of all participants in face-to-face conversations.

Ladder of citizen participation

Arnstein (1969)



'RIGHT TO THE

CITY

THE RIGHT TO SHAPE YOUR LIVING ENVIRONMENT TO YOUR NEEDS AND DESIRES,

THE RIGHT TO PARTICIPATE IN THE GOVERNANCE OF THE CITY.

Henri Lefebvre, Le droit à la ville, 1968

WHAT CAN WE CONCLUDE FROM THE JUSTICE OF THE COMMONS?

CITIES ARE SPACES OF SIMULTANEOUS COMPETITION AND LOTS AND LOTS OF COOPERATION

WE CAN CONCEPTUALISE THE CITY AS A COMMONS IF UNDERSTOOD AS THE PRODUCT OF COMMON WORK, SHARED BY ALL WHO CONTRIBUTE TO BUILD AND MAINTAIN IT: A "COLLECTIVE ENDEAVOUR" AS CONCEPTUALISED BY HENRI LEFEBVRE.

AND WE CAN ALL DRAW FROM THE RESOURCES IT PROVIDES US (PROXIMITY, DENSITY, SYNERGY, OPPORTUNITY)

BUT THE CITY IS NOT A COMMONS IN THE CLASSIC SENSE OF COMMON PROPERTY.

WHO DOES THE CITY BELONG TO?

IF A PERSON CANNOT AFFORD HOUSING, DO THEY HAVE THE RIGHT TO LIVE IN THE CITY?

RECOMMENDATIONS

- CITIZEN EMPOWERMENT + PARTICIPATION
- MAKE COALITIONS & SEEK CONSENSUS THROUGH COMMUNICATIVE PARTICIPATORY PROCESSES
- •LISTEN TO THE MOST SILENT STAKEHOLDERS: FUTURE GENERATIONS, THE PLANET, THE VULNERABLE

EXAMPLES OF CITIZEN EMPOWERMENT PARTICIPATORY BUDGET

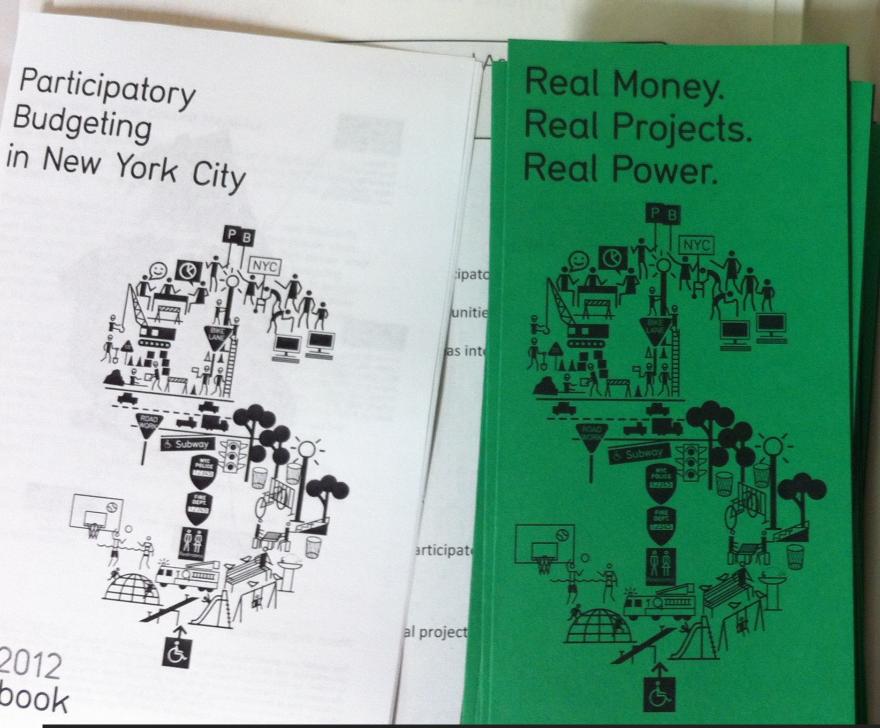


PORTO ALEGRE, RS – 11/11/2019: ORÇAMENTO PARTICIPATIVO – REGIÃO EIXO-BALTAZAR. FOTO: MARIA ANA KRACK/PMPA

BROOKLYN, NEW YORK
BROOKLYN, NEW YORK
BRIVEEN PROV AVENUE AND KINGS BROOKLEAT IS LOCATED BY TO AVENUE 3 AND LIVED BY TO AVENUE 3 IS LOCATED BY TO AV

EXAMPLES OF CITIZEN EMPOWERMENT

PARTICIPATORY BUDGET



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COME TELL US HOW:

Monday, Oct 24, 2011
Tabernacle of Praise
1274 Utica Avenue
(betwn Ave D and Foster)

6-8-30PM

BY DANIEL LATORRE - HTTPS://WWW.FLICKR.COM/PHOTOS/NEOTINT/6267976938, CC BY 2.0, HTTPS://COMMONS.WIKIMEDIA.ORG/W/INDEX.PHP?CURID=62853174









EXAMPLES OF CITIZEN EMPOWERMENT FAVELA PARAISOPOLIS CAME TOGETHER TO FIGHT COVID-19



EXAMPLES OF CITIZEN EMPOWERMENT FAVELA PARAISOPOLIS CAME TOGETHER TO FIGHT COVID-19



LESSONS LEARNED PARTICIPATION HELPS:

- (RE) CREATE A PUBLIC SPHERE
- SOLVE CONFLICTS
- BALANCE THE POWERS IN GOVERNANCE PROCESSES
- INCREASE ACCESSIBILITY TO PUBLIC GOODS
- POTENTIAL FOR SOCIO-SPATIAL JUSTICE



PUBLIC REASONING/
PUBLIC JUSTIFICATION



GOVERNMENT BY DISCUSSION







NEW ROLES FOR PLANNERS AND DESIGNERS







WHATIS YOUR ROLE?



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THANKS FOR LISTENING

QUESTIONS?

YOU CAN ALSO WRITE TO R.C.ROCCO@TUDELFT.NL